COULD YOUR HOME AND GARDEN BE MAKING YOU SICK?



NTM organisms can be found in your everyday environment.

Global incidence of **NTM** infection is on the rise.

Minimise your risk today!

TREATMENTS

It's important to note, that when it comes to treatment options used for people diagnosed with NTM, **no one size fits all.** Many treatment plans will depend on your overall health, risk factors, and symptoms.

- Combined Antibiotic
 Treatment
- ➡ Airway Clearance
- Pulmonary Rehab
- Nutritional Assessment
- ➡ Focus on physical, emotional, and spiritual wellness



NTM AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND SUPPORT GROUP

You are not alone

NTM are environmental bacteria found in soil, water and dust.

We frequently inhale or ingest them.

Whilst for most people this is not a problem, in some **NTM** can cause significant lung disease.

Awareness of this possible diagnosis is crucial.

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONTACT

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SYMPTOMS

Chronic or intermittent cough.

Recurrent episodes of bronchitis and/or pneumonia.

Overwhelming fatigue.

Unexplained weight loss.

Night sweats.

PREVENTION

Replace shower heads regularly.

Set hot water storage to 70°C (use caution).

Ensure adequate bathroom ventilation.

Take baths instead of showers.

Always wear a mask when gardening.

WHO GETS NTM?

People with lung disorders like asthma, COPD, cystic fibrosis, bronchiectasis.

Smokers and ex-smokers.

Slim peri or post menopausal women.

People with reflux.GORD.

Anyone with immunity issues and/or autoimmune disease.



This information is intended as a guide only and not a substitute for professional medical advice or treatment. Always consult with your doctor about matters that affect your health.

INFECTION

Showers.

Household water taps.

Spa baths, steam rooms and indoor pools.

Gardening - potting mix/garden soil.

Dust exposure - household/vacuum cleaner dust.

SUSPECT NTM?

Talk to your GP.

NTM is diagnosed when patients meet established clinical criteria.

Chest CT scan is often required.

Sputum AFB testing is essential. A bronchoscopy may be needed to get samples.

WHAT IS NTM?

Nontuberculous mycobacteria, (NTM), are bacteria **found in** water, soil and dust. There are almost 200 species of NTM bacteria.

Most do not cause disease except in people with a weakened immune system. You get an NTM infection when you ingest or breathe in the bacteria from misty water (for example, in a shower or hot tub) or from soil.

WHO GETS NTM?

NTM can affect anyone, but some people are at increased risk:

People with lung disorders like asthma, COPD, cystic fibrosis, & bronchiectasis.

Slim peri or post menopausal women.

Smokers and ex-smokers.

Anyone with immunity issues and/or an autoimmune disease.

NTM lung disease is more common in older adults but can affect any age group.

SYMPTOMS

People with NTM generally have some or all of these symptoms:

Cough Fatigue Night sweats Fever Weight loss and loss of appetite Shortness of breath Coughing up blood Excessive mucus production Wheezing Chest pain Recurring respiratory infections



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The global incidence of NTM infection is on the rise.

8% is the average observed growth rate for NTM each year.



Most NTM species do not cause infections in humans, but a few NTM species do, including:

Mycobacterium avium complex (MAC) Mycobacterium avium Mycobacterium intracellulare Mycobacterium abscessus Mycobacterium kansasii Mycobacterium xenopi

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SUSPECT NTM?

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SOURCES OF

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Household water taps. Showers.

Spa baths, steam rooms and indoor pools.

Dust exposure household/ vacuum cleaner dust.

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Replace shower heads regularly. Set hot water storage to 70 degrees Celsius (use caution).

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